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Crystal Data: Triclinic. Point Group: 1. Stout crystals, to 2.5 cm; commonly in crusts.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: One, good. Tenacity: Very brittle. Hardness = 2-3 D(meas.) = 4.97-5.15 D(calc.) = 5.08-5.14

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. *Color:* Grass-green, emerald-green, oil-green, pistachio-green, yellow-green; green in transmitted light. *Streak:* Greenish yellow. *Luster:* Greasy.

Optical Class: Biaxial (–). $n=\sim 2.2$ $\alpha=\text{n.d.}$ $\beta=\text{n.d.}$ $\gamma=\text{n.d.}$ $2\text{V(meas.)}=38(5)^\circ$

Cell Data: Space Group: $P\overline{1}$. a = 8.89-9.00 b = 5.08-5.10 c = 6.63-6.64 $\alpha = 103^{\circ}10'-103^{\circ}22'$ $\beta = 106^{\circ}38'-107^{\circ}05'$ $\gamma = 77^{\circ}52'-78^{\circ}4'$ Z = 1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Rodalquilar, Spain.

4.24 (FFF), 2.62 (FF), 3.31 (F), 2.17 (F), 2.85 (mF), 2.97 (m), 1.873 (mf)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
${ m TeO}_2$	72.85	73.36	74.88
$\overline{\text{Fe}_2O_3}$	18.45	18.59	18.73
Cl	4.80	3.98	4.16
H_2O	4.50	3.34	3.17
insol.	0.35		
$-\mathcal{O} = \operatorname{Cl}_2$	1.08	0.90	0.94
Total	99.87	98.37	100.00

- (1) Rodalquilar, Spain; by microanalysis, corresponds to $H_{3.07}Fe_{2.00}(TeO_3)_{3.95}Cl_{1.17} \cdot 1.25H_2O$.
- (2) Tombstone, Arizona, USA; by microanalysis. (3) H₃Fe₂(TeO₃)₄Cl.

Occurrence: A rare secondary mineral formed in the zone of oxidation of tellurium-bearing precious metal deposits.

Association: Emmonsite, gold, alunite, jarosite, quartz (Rodalquilar, Spain); tellurium, mackayite, emmonsite (near El Indio, Chile); emmonsite, sonoraite (Joe mine, Arizona, USA).

Distribution: From the Rodalquilar gold deposit, Almería Province, Spain. In the Wendy open pit, El Indio-Tambo district, east of La Serena, Coquimbo, Chile. At the Joe and Grand Central mines, Tombstone, Cochise Co., Arizona, USA.

Name: For its first-noted occurrence at Rodalquilar, Spain.

Type Material: Natural History Museum, Paris; National School of Mines, Paris, France.

References: (1) Sierra Lopez, J., G. Leal, R. Perriot, Y. Laurent, J. Protas, and Y. Dusausoy (1968) La rodalquilarite, chlorotellurite de fer, une nouvelle espèce minérale. Bull. Minéral., 91, 28–33 (in French with English abs.). (2) (1968) Amer. Mineral., 53, 2104–2105 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Dusausoy, Y. and J. Protas (1969) Determination et etude de la structure cristalline de la rodalquilarite, chlorotellurite acide de fer. Acta Cryst., 25, 1551–1558 (in French with English abs.). (4) Williams, S.A. (1980) The Tombstone District, Cochise County, Arizona. Mineral. Record, 11, 251–257.