$(Mn^{2+}, Mg)_2(Nd, La, Ce)(AsO_4)(OH)_4$

Crystal Data: Orthorhombic. Point Group: 2/m 2/m 2/m. Crystals, to 3 mm, elongated along [100], showing principally $\{010\}$, $\{001\}$, $\{110\}$, $\{201\}$, $\{130\}$; commonly in parallel aggregates. Twinning: Radial, spokelike, trillings or sixlings, rare.

Physical Properties: Fracture: Uneven. Hardness = 3-4 D(meas.) = > 4.2D(calc.) = 4.45

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. Color: Pinkish brown to reddish brown, zoned darker in the center. Streak: Very pale brown. Luster: Vitreous to dull.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Pleochroism: X = yellow; Y = reddish brown; Z = brown. Orientation: X = c; Y = b; Z = a. Dispersion: r < v, weak. Absorption: $Z > Y \gg X$. $\alpha = 1.774(2)$ $\beta = 1.782(2)$ $\gamma = 1.798(2)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 69(1)^{\circ}$ $2V(\text{calc.}) = 71^{\circ}$

Cell Data: Space Group: Pban. a = 5.690(5) b = 12.12(1) c = 4.874(3) Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Sterling Hill, New Jersey, USA; very similar to retain-(Ce) and retzian-(La).

2.726(100), 3.534(60), 4.89(30), 1.857(30), 6.05(20), 1.625(20), 1.463(20)

Chemistry:

	(1)		(1)
As_2O_5	26.9	$\mathrm{Gd}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	1.9
Y_2O_3	1.6	FeO	0.4
La_2O_3	7.6	MnO	25.9
Ce_2O_3	7.8	ZnO	1.8
Pr_2O_3	4.2	MgO	2.0
Nd_2O_3	10.9	CaO	0.0
$\mathrm{Sm}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	2.4	H_2O	[8.3]
${\rm Eu}_2{\rm O}_3$	0.9	Total	[102.6]

(1) Sterling Hill, New Jersey, USA; by electron microprobe, total Mn as MnO, H₂O by DTA-TGA on a separate sample of retzian-(Ce); corresponds to $(Mn_{1.63}Mg_{0.22}Zn_{0.10}Fe_{0.03})_{\Sigma=1.98}$ $(\mathrm{Nd}_{0.29}\mathrm{La}_{0.21}\mathrm{Ce}_{0.21}\mathrm{Pr}_{0.11}\mathrm{Sm}_{0.07}\mathrm{Y}_{0.06}\mathrm{Gd}_{0.05}\mathrm{Eu}_{0.02})_{\Sigma=1.02}(\mathrm{AsO}_4)_{1.04}(\mathrm{OH})_{3.90}.$

Occurrence: A very rare late phase in fractures in a metamorphosed stratiform zinc orebody.

Association: Rhodochrosite, kraisslite, sonolite, zincite, sphalerite, chlorophoenicite, willemite, franklinite, calcite, barite.

Distribution: From Sterling Hill, Ogdensburg, Sussex Co., New Jersey, USA.

Name: For its dominant rare earth, *neodymium*, and relation to *retzian*-(Ce).

Type Material: The Natural History Museum, London, England, 1983,238; Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa; Royal Ontario Museum, Toronto, Canada; American Museum of Natural History, New York City, New York; Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 119000; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 143762.

References: (1) Dunn, P.J. and B.D. Sturman (1982) Retzian-(Nd), a new mineral from Sterling Hill, New Jersey and a redefinition of retzian. Amer. Mineral., 67, 841–845. (2) Moore, P.B. (1967) Crystal chemistry of the basic manganese arsenate minerals 1. The crystal structures of flinkite, $Mn_2^{2+}Mn^{3+}(OH)_4(AsO_4)$ and retzian, $Mn_2^{2+}Y^{3+}(OH)_4(AsO_4)$. Amer. Mineral., 52, 1603 - 1613.