Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group*: 2/*m*. As blades with squared-off or tapering terminations to 0.15 mm and in radiating groups.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on {001}, good on {100} and {010}. Fracture: Uneven.Tenacity: Brittle, slightly flexible, non-elastic.Hardness = ~ 2 D(meas.) = 3.45(5)D(calc.) = 3.450Dissolves in dilute HCl.

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. *Color*: Grass-green. *Streak*: White. *Luster*: Vitreous. *Optical Class*: Biaxial (-). $\alpha = 1.693(2)$ $\beta = 1.721(2)$ $\gamma = 1.723(2)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 30(2)^{\circ}$ $2V(\text{calc.}) = 30^{\circ}$ *Pleochroism*: Strong, X = Y = blue-green, Z = yellow-green. *Absorption*: Y > X > Z. *Dispersion*: Moderate, r > v. *Orientation*: $X \approx c$, Y = b, $Z \approx a$.

Cell Data: Space Group: $P2_1/c$. a = 3.155(3) b = 10.441(8) c = 19.436(16) $\beta = 90.089(13)^{\circ}$ Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Silver Gill vein, Red Gill mine, Caldbeck Fells, Cumbria, England. 7.11 (100), 9.72 (90), 2.318 (50), 4.60 (30), 2.880 (30), 4.068 (20), 2.426 (15)

(1)

Chemistry:

	(1)
CuO	68.9
SO_3	11.6
Total	80.5

(1) Silver Gill vein, Red Gill mine, Caldbeck Fells, England; electron microprobe analysis, H_2O confirmed from structure analysis; corresponds to $Cu_{5.995}(OH)_{9.991}(SO_4)_{1.003} \cdot H_2O$.

Occurrence: A secondary weathering mineral in oxidized copper sulfide veins and post-mining environments.

Association: Langite, malachite, cuprite, connellite, brochantite.

Distribution: From the Golden Hugh level of the Silver Gill vein and the No. 2 Level (Old Dutch Level) mine dump at the Red Gill mine, Caldbeck Fells, Cumbria, England. Also in England at the Penberthy Croft mine, St. Hilary, Cornwall; in Wales at the Frongoch mine, Devil's Bridge, the Bwlchrhennaid mine, Goginan, the Nant y cagle (Eaglebrook) and Darren mines, Talybont, and the Llechweddhelyg mine, Bontgoch. From the Sheefry mine, Co. Mayo, Ireland.

Name: For the Red Gill Mine, England, the locality from which the mineral is best known.

Type Material: Manchester Museum, The University of Manchester, England (MANCH: 18024).

References: (1) Pluth, J.J., I.M. Steele, A.R. Kampf, and D.I. Green (2005) Redgillite, $Cu_6(OH)_{10}(SO_4) \cdot H_2O$, a new mineral from Caldbeck Fells, Cumbria, England: description and crystal structure. Mineral. Mag., 69(6), 973-980. (2) (2006) Amer. Mineral., 91, 1456-1457 (abs. ref. 1).