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Crystal Data: Amorphous to poorly crystalline. Point Group: n.d. Massive, compact.

Physical Properties: Fracture: Conchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = 3-4 D(meas.) = 2.1-2.7 D(calc.) = n.d.

Optical Properties: Opaque, translucent in thin fragments. *Color:* Black, dark brown to dark olive-green. *Streak:* Dark brown to black. *Luster:* Dull to resinous or vitreous, may be feebly metallic.

Optical Class: Isotropic essentially. n = 1.50-1.65

Cell Data: Space Group: n.d. Z = n.d.

X-ray Powder Pattern: Montreal mine, Wisconsin, USA; indistinguishable from hisingerite. 4.36 (w), 3.59 (w), 1.54 (w), 2.59 (vw)

Chemistry:

| | (1) | (2) |
|--|------|--------|
| SiO_2 | 40.1 | 40.19 |
| Al_2O_3 | 1.3 | |
| Fe_2O_3 | 0.3 | |
| Mn_2O_3 | 7.7 | |
| FeO | | 24.03 |
| MnO | 33.7 | 23.73 |
| MgO | 1.5 | |
| CaO | 1.3 | |
| Na ₂ O | 0.1 | |
| $K_2 \tilde{O}$ | 0.1 | |
| $\tilde{\mathrm{H}_{2}\mathrm{O}^{+}}$ | 11.6 | 12.05 |
| \tilde{O}_2 | 2.2 | |
| Total | 99.9 | 100.00 |

(1) Geevor mine, England. (2) $(Mn, Fe)SiO_3 \cdot H_2O$ with Fe:Mn = 1:1.

Occurrence: An alteration product of manganese-bearing silicate minerals.

Association: Rhodonite, calcite, quartz.

Distribution: In Sweden, from Gestrikland; at Långban, Jakobsberg, and the Harstigen mine, near Persberg, Värmland; and in the Brunsjö mine, near Grythyttan, Örebro. In Wheal Owles, Penwith, and the Geevor mine, St. Just, Cornwall, England. In the USA, from the Aravaipa district, Graham Co., Arizona; in California, in the Charles Mountain deposit, Humboldt Co., in the Elsinor area, Riverside Co., and at the Johe Ranch mine, San Louis Obispo Co.; from the Montreal mine, Gogebic Range, Iron Co., Wisconsin; and at the Foote mine, Kings Mountain, Cleveland Co., North Carolina. From Bueycito, Oriente Province, Cuba. In Japan, from Shidara, Aichi Prefecture; in the Kawazu mine, Shidzuoka Prefecture; and at Tamaga, Iwate Prefecture. Probably additional localities are not yet recognized.

Name: From the Greek, meaning of recent origin, as it is an alteration product.

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