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Crystal Data: Hexagonal. Point Group: 3. As tabular and prismatic crystals, showing $\{0001\}$, $\{10\overline{1}1\}$, $\{20\overline{2}5\}$, $\{02\overline{2}1\}$, to 2.5 cm; more commonly subhedral to anhedral, and as irregular to rounded grains.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: $\{10\overline{1}1\}$. Fracture: Conchoidal to subconchoidal. Hardness = 5-6 D(meas.) = 3.79-4.2 D(calc.) = 3.895

Optical Properties: Opaque to translucent. *Color:* Black, less commonly ruby-red; in transmitted light, brownish to purplish red; gray in reflected light, with red internal reflections. *Streak:* Purplish brown. *Luster:* Submetallic.

Cell Data: Space Group: R3(synthetic). a = 5.05478(26) c = 13.8992(7) Z = 6

X-ray Powder Pattern: Synthetic.

2.722(100), 2.218(70), 2.527(55), 1.708(55), 3.703(45), 1.852(40), 1.4592(40)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)	(3)		(1)	(2)	(3)
SiO_2		0.4		FeO	3.81	18.9	
$\overline{\mathrm{TiO}_{2}}$	67.74	58.5	66.46	MnO		1.52	
$\overline{\text{Fe}_2O_3}$		2.0		MgO	28.73	18.3	33.54
$\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_3$		0.04		CaO		0.01	
				Total	100.28	99.7	100.00

(1) Sri Lanka. (2) Bergell zone, Switzerland/Italy; by electron microprobe; Fe^{2+} : Fe^{3+} calculated from stoichiometry; corresponding to $Mg_{0.60}Fe_{0.35}^{2+}Mn_{0.03}Fe_{0.03}^{3+}Ti_{0.98}Si_{0.01}O_3$. (3) $MgTiO_3$.

Polymorphism & Series: Forms a series with ilmenite.

Mineral Group: Ilmenite group.

Occurrence: Forms during contact metamorphism of impure magnesian limestones. Also in carbonatites, kimberlites, serpentinized ultramafic rocks, and in gem-bearing placer deposits.

Association: Rutile, spinel, clinohumite, perovskite, diopside, serpentine, forsterite, brucite, hydrotalcite, chlorite, calcite.

Distribution: From the Rakwana and Balangoda districts, Sri Lanka. At Baltistan, Kashmir, Pakistan. In the USA, from the Crestmore quarry, Riverside Co. and in the Santa Lucia Mountains, Monterey Co., California; large crystals in Skeleton Canyon, Cochise Co., Arizona. At the Maxwell quarry, near Wakefield, Quebec, Canada. From the Fiskenæsset complex, western Greenland. In the Bergell contact aureole, Central Alps, Switzerland/Italy. From the Naataniemi serpentinite massif, Kuhmo greenstone belt, Finland. In Russia, on Mount Jemorakly-Tube, North Caucasus Mountains; in the Camel Mountains, Southern Ural Mountains; in the Tazheran alkalic massif, west of Lake Baikal, Siberia. At Kimberley, Cape Province, South Africa. From north of the Mahogany mine, Hartley district, Zimbabwe. Several other localities are known.

Name: In honor of Sir Archibald Geikie (1835–1924), Scottish geologist and Director-General of the Geological Survey of Great Britain.

Type Material: The Natural History Museum, London, England, 69078–69079.

References: (1) Palache, C., H. Berman, and C. Frondel (1944) Dana's system of mineralogy, (7th edition), v. I, 534–541. (2) Gieré, R. (1987) Titanian clinohumite and geikielite in marbles from the Bergell contact aureole. Contr. Mineral. Petrol., 96, 496–502. (3) Wechsler, B.A. and R.B. Von Dreele (1989) Structure refinements of ${\rm Mg_2TiO_4}$, ${\rm MgTiO_3}$ and ${\rm MgTi_2O_5}$ by time-of-flight neutron powder diffraction. Acta Cryst., 45, 542–549. (4) (1955) NBS Circ. 539, 5, 43.

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