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Crystal Data: Triclinic. Point Group: 1 or $\overline{1}$. As grains, up to 0.4 mm, showing typically a chevron pattern in polished section, developed by opposing cleavage lamellae.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on $\{111\}$. Hardness = ~ 1.5 VHN = n.d. D(meas.) = 2.5-2.63 D(calc.) = 2.879 Moderately magnetic.

Optical Properties: Opaque. *Color:* Black; in polished section, pale brownish gray with a pink tint. *Luster:* Metallic. *Pleochroism:* Faint, from gray to pink. *Anisotropism:* Strong, colors from gray to dull golden orange.

 R_1-R_2 : n.d.

Cell Data: Space Group: P1 or
$$P\overline{1}$$
. $a = 7.409(8)$ $b = 9.881(6)$ $c = 6.441(3)$ $\alpha = 100^{\circ}25(3)'$ $\beta = 104^{\circ}37(5)'$ $\gamma = 81^{\circ}29(5)'$ $Z = 2$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Coyote Peak, California, USA. 5.12 (100), 7.13 (90), 3.023 (80), 3.080 (70), 9.6 (60), 5.60 (60), 3.910 (50)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
Na	5.99	5.94
Fe	44.0	43.31
\mathbf{S}	41.3	41.44
$\rm H_2O$	[8.71]	9.31
Total	[100.00]	100.00

(1) Coyote Peak, California, USA; by electron microprobe, average of five grains, $\rm H_2O$ by difference, on independent proof of the presence of oxygen; corresponds to $\rm Na_{1.01}Fe_{3.06}S_{5.00} \cdot 1.88H_2O$. (2) $\rm NaFe_3S_5 \cdot 2H_2O$.

Occurrence: With rare iron sulfides in small pegmatitic clots thought to have crystallized late in the consolidation of the Coyote Peak intrusive, an alkalic mafic diatreme.

Association: Pyrrhotite, djerfisherite, rasvumite, bartonite, erdite, phlogopite, schorlomite, acmite, sodalite, cancrinite, pectolite, natrolite, magnetite, calcite.

Distribution: From Coyote Peak, near Orick, Humboldt Co., California, USA [TL].

Name: For Coyote Peak, California, a local prominence on which the mineral was found.

Type Material: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 150335.

References: (1) Erd, R.C. and G.K. Czamanske (1983) Orickite and coyoteite, two new sulfides from Coyote Peak, Humboldt Co., California. Amer. Mineral., 68, 245–254.