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Crystal Data: Triclinic. Point Group: $\overline{1}$. Crystals are wedge-shaped tabular, to 1 mm, flattened on $\{100\}$, with $\{010\}$ and $\{001\}$, typically in aggregates.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: On $\{001\}$, perfect. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 2.881 Soluble in H_2O .

Optical Properties: Transparent. Color: Very pale pink under incandescent light, pale blue under fluorescent room light; may be cream-white. Streak: White. Luster: Vitreous. Optical Class: Biaxial (-). Orientation: $Z' \wedge c = 21^{\circ}$ in $\{001\}$. Dispersion: r > v, medium. $\alpha = 1.544(4)$ $\beta = 1.578(4)$ $\gamma = 1.602(4)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 65(10)^{\circ}$ $2V(\text{calc.}) = 69(3)^{\circ}$

Cell Data: Space Group: $P\overline{1}$. a = 6.007(1) b = 8.368(2) c = 9.189(2) $\alpha = 99.90(2)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 105.55(2)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 107.71(2)^{\circ}$ Z = 1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Alum Cave Bluff, Tennessee, USA. 5.48 (100), 8.52 (70), 6.72 (60), 3.84 (60), 4.26 (50), 3.35 (40), 2.744 (40)

Chemistry:

	(1)		(1)
SO_3	22.6	$\rm Sm_2O_3$	1.0
C_2O_3	[10.2]	Eu_2O_3	0.8
Y_2O_3	0.1	$\mathrm{Gd_2O_3}$	0.3
La_2O_3	4.6	\mathbf{F}	0.3
Ce_2O_3	25.9	$\mathrm{H_2O}$	[20.4]
Pr_2O_3	2.1	$-O = F_2$	[0.1]
Nd_2O_3	13.3	Total	[101.5]

(1) Alum Cave Bluff, Tennessee, USA; by electron microprobe, C_2O_3 and H_2O calculated from stoichiometry, original total given as 100.0%; corresponding to $(Ce_{1.06}Nd_{0.56}La_{0.20}Pr_{0.09}Sm_{0.04}Eu_{0.03}Gd_{0.01}Y_{0.01})_{\Sigma=2.00}(SO_4)_2(C_2O_4) \cdot 8H_2O$.

Occurrence: Formed by weathering of pyritiferous phyllite with evaporation of the resulting sulfate-rich solutions in soil, the rare earths probably derived from monazite and xenotime.

Association: Epsomite, apjohnite.

Distribution: From Alum Cave Bluff, Great Smoky Mountains National Park, Tennessee, USA.

Name: Honors Dr. T. Dennis Coskren (1942–), geologist and geochemist, Columbia, Maryland, USA, who studied the minerals of Alum Cave Bluff, Tennessee, USA.

Type Material: University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA.

References: (1) Peacor, D.R., R.C. Rouse, and E.J. Essene (1999) Coskrenite-(Ce), $(Ce, Nd, La)_2(SO_4)_2(C_2O_4) \cdot 8H_2O$, a new rare-earth oxalate mineral from Alum Cave Bluff, Tennessee: characterization and crystal structure. Can. Mineral., 37, 1453–1462. (2) (2000) Amer. Mineral., 85, 1561 (abs. ref. 1).