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**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. Point Group: 2/m. As euhedral to anhedral crystals, to 0.15 mm, prismatic along [010], showing {100}, {010}, and {001}, as radial aggregates in crusts. Twinning: Polysynthetic  $\parallel$  {010}, seen in thin section.

**Physical Properties:** Cleavage:  $\{100\}$ ,  $\{001\}$ , distinct. Fracture: Conchoidal. Hardness =  $\sim 2$  D(meas.) = 2.4(1) D(calc.) = 2.335

**Optical Properties:** Transparent to translucent. Color: Colorless. Luster: Vitreous. Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Orientation: X = b.  $\alpha = 1.540(2)$   $\beta = [1.548]$   $\gamma = 1.563(2)$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 74^{\circ}$ 

**Cell Data:** Space Group:  $P2_1/m$  (probable). a = 9.18(3) b = 7.63(2) c = 16.27(5)  $\beta = 128.0(5)^{\circ}$  Z = 4

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Johann mine, near Wittichen, Germany. 7.28 (10), 6.42 (10), 4.00 (8), 3.28 (8), 3.21 (8), 3.02 (8), 2.96 (8)

## Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$As_2O_5$	37.9	37.03
MgO	12.9	12.98
CaO	18.9	18.07
$H_2O$	[30.3]	31.92
Total	[100.0]	100.00

(1) Johann mine, near Wittichen, Germany; by electron microprobe,  $H_2O$  by difference; corresponds to  $Ca_{1.06}Mg_{1.01}(AsO_4)_{1.04}(OH)_{1.02} \cdot 4.82H_2O$ . (2)  $CaMg(AsO_4)(OH) \cdot 5H_2O$ .

Occurrence: A secondary mineral in a Co–U-rich zone in a polymetallic mineral deposit.

**Association:** Monohydrocalcite, gypsum, calcite, rapidcreekite, nováčekite, erythrite, hörnesite.

Distribution: In the Johann mine, near Wittichen, Black Forest, Germany.

Name: For Ca, calcium, Mg, magnesium, and As, arsenic, in the composition.

Type Material: Stuttgart University, Stuttgart, Germany.

**References:** (1) Walenta, K. and P.J. Dunn (1989) Camgasit, ein neues Calcium-Magnesiumarsenatmineral der Zusammensetzung  $CaMg(AsO_4)(OH) \cdot 5H_2O$  von Wittichen im mittleren Schwarzwald. Aufschluss, 40, 369–372 (in German with English abs.). (2) (1991) Amer. Mineral., 76, 2021 (abs. ref. 1).