

Seidite-(Ce)**Na₄(Ce, Sr)₂TiSi₈O₁₈(O, OH, F)₆·5H₂O**

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. As spherulites, to 1 cm, with fibers elongated on [010] and flattened on {100}.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Perfect {100}; less perfect {001}. *Fracture:* Fibrous or splintery. Hardness = 3-4 D(meas.) = 2.76 D(calc.) = 2.73 Readily soluble in 10% HCl or HNO₃, reacts with H₂O.

Optical Properties: Translucent. *Color:* Bright yellow, pinkish yellow, or cream. *Streak:* n.d. *Luster:* Vitreous to silky, resinous or dull in some specimens. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (-). $\alpha = 1.542(2)$ $\beta = 1.569(2)$ $\gamma = 1.571(2)$ 2V(meas.) = 28(1)° 2V(calc.) = 31° Positive elongation. *Orientation:* $X \approx a$, $Y \approx c$, $Z \approx b$.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* C2/c. $a = 24.61(5)$ $b = 7.23(1)$ $c = 14.53(3)$ $\beta = 94.6(3)^\circ$ $Z = 4$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Yubileynaya pegmatite vein, Lovozero massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia. 12.32 (100), 6.93 (30B), 3.11 (24), 7.22 (20B), 6.20 (20B), 3.23 (20B), 3.08 (16)

Chemistry:	(1)	(1)
Na ₂ O	9.38	Nd ₂ O ₃ 1.60
K ₂ O	1.20	Sm ₂ O ₃ 0.16
CaO	1.04	ThO ₂ 2.96
SrO	5.20	SiO ₂ 45.62
BaO	1.56	TiO ₂ 6.54
MnO	0.34	Nb ₂ O ₅ 0.78
FeO	0.10	F 1.52
La ₂ O ₃	4.62	H ₂ O 10.80
Ce ₂ O ₃	6.52	- O = F 0.64
Pr ₂ O ₃	0.54	sum 99.84

(1) Yubileynaya pegmatite vein, Lovozero alkaline massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia; electron microprobe analysis supplemented by IR spectroscopy, H₂O and F by wet methods; corresponds to [Na_{3.19}Ca_{0.19}(H₃O)_{0.62}]_{Σ=4.00}[Sr_{0.53}K_{0.27}Ba_{0.11}(H₃O)_{0.09}]_{Σ=1.00}(Ce_{0.42}La_{0.30}Nd_{0.10}Pr_{0.04}Sm_{0.02}Th_{0.012})_{Σ=0.99}(Ti_{0.86}Nb_{0.06}Mn_{0.05}Fe_{0.02})_{Σ=0.99}Si₈O_{21.90}[F_{0.84}(OH)_{0.16}]_{Σ=0.99}·5.26H₂O.

Occurrence: Sparingly in cavernous natrolite in an ultra-agpaitic pegmatite vein.

Association: Belovite, vitusite, sazhinite-(Ce), steenstrupine, manganneptunite, serandite, leucosphenite, sphalerite.

Distribution: Yubileynaya pegmatite vein, Mount Karnasurt, Lovozero alkaline massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia.

Name: For the locality, the *Seidozer* massif.

Type Material: Museum of the Saint Petersburg Mining Institute, Russia.

References: (1) Khomyakov, A.P., G. Ferraris, E. Belluso, S.N. Britvin, G.N. Nechelyustov, and S.V. Soboleva (1998) Seidite-(Ce), Na₄SrCeTiSi₈O₂₂F·5H₂O - a new mineral with zeolite properties. *Zapiski Vseross. Mineral. Obshch.*, 127(4), 94-100 (in Russian, English abs.). (2) (2000) *Amer. Mineral.*, 85, 627 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Ferraris, G., E. Belluso, A. Gula, S.V. Soboleva, and A.P. Khomyakov (2003) The crystal structure of seidite-(Ce), Na₄(Ce,Sr)₂{Ti(OH)₂Si₈O₁₈}(O,OH,F)₄·5H₂O, a modular microporous titanosilicate of the rhodesite group. *Can. Mineral.*, 41, 1183-1192.