

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:*  $\bar{3} 2/m$ . As grains to 200  $\mu\text{m}$ .

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* n.d. *Fracture:* Uneven. *Tenacity:* n.d.  
Hardness = 5-5.5 VHN = 564 (50 g load). D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.503

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous.  
*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (-).  $\omega = 1.711(2)$   $\epsilon = 1.708(2)$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $R\bar{3} m$ .  $a = 7.0966(1)$   $c = 25.7284(3)$  Z = 3

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Hatrurim Basin, 5 km SE of Arad, Negev Desert, Israel.  
3.051 (100), 3.154 (88), 3.548 (87), 1.774 (75), 2.738 (67), 2.859 (63), 3.279 (41)

<b>Chemistry:</b>	(1)		(1)
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.18	SiO <sub>2</sub>	8.43
CaO	42.26	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	19.29
SrO	0.33	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	7.51
BaO	19.92	SO <sub>3</sub>	1.22
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	< 0.03	F	2.45
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	< 0.08	<u><math>\text{O} = \text{F}_2</math></u>	1.03
CrO <sub>3</sub>	< 0.08	Total	100.56

(1) Hatrurim Basin, 5 km SE of Arad, Negev Desert, Israel; average of 5 electron microprobe analyses supplemented by Raman spectroscopy; corresponding to Ba<sub>1.02</sub>(Ca<sub>5.91</sub>Na<sub>0.05</sub>Sr<sub>0.02</sub>) <sub>$\Sigma=5.98$</sub>  [(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>1.10</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.78</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.12</sub>] <sub>$\Sigma=2.00$</sub>  [(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>1.35</sub>(VO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0.65</sub>] <sub>$\Sigma=2.00$</sub>  F<sub>1.01</sub>.

**Polymorphism & Series:** Forms in the solid solution series BaCa<sub>6</sub>[(SiO<sub>4</sub>),(PO<sub>4</sub>),(VO<sub>4</sub>)]<sub>4</sub>F.

**Mineral Group:** Nabimusaite group.

**Occurrence:** In paralava veins cutting gehlenite-rich pyrometamorphic rock formed by the combustion of organic matter in the sedimentary protolith or methane released by tectonic forces.

**Association:** Aradite, gehlenite, pseudowollastonite, wollastonite, andradite-schorlomite, rankinite, magnesioferrite, kalsilite, fluorapatite, P-rich ellestadite, larnite, cuspidine, hematite, dorrite-khesinite, barioferrite, walstromite, barite, gurimite, fresnoite, delafossite, cuprite, vorlanite, perovskite, hexacelsian.

**Distribution:** From the Gurim Anticline, Hatrurim Basin, 5 km SE of Arad, Negev Desert, Israel.

**Name:** Honors Russian mineralogist Aleksandr Efimovich Zadov (1958-2012), author or co-author of more than 90 new mineral species.

**Type Material:** The Museum of Natural History, Bern, Switzerland (NMBE 42103).

**References:** (1) Galuskin, E.V., F. Gfeller, I.O. Galuskina, A. Pakhomova, T. Armbruster, Y. Vapnik, R. Włodyka, P. Dzierżanowski, and M. Murashko (2015) New minerals with a modular structure derived from hatrurite from the pyrometamorphic Hatrurim Complex. Part II. Zadovite, BaCa<sub>6</sub>[(SiO<sub>4</sub>)(PO<sub>4</sub>)](PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>F and aradite, BaCa<sub>6</sub>[(SiO<sub>4</sub>)(VO<sub>4</sub>)](VO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>F, from paralavas of the Hatrurim Basin, Negev Desert, Israel. Mineral. Mag., 79(5), 1073-1087. (2) (2016) Amer. Mineral., 101, 1709 (abs. ref. 1).