

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. As anhedral grains and aggregates to several hundred micrometers.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Fracture:* Uneven. *Tenacity:* Brittle. Hardness = 3 VHN = 92-116, 106 average (25 g load). D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 7.54

**Optical Properties:** Opaque. *Color:* Black, gray in reflected light. *Streak:* Black. *Luster:* Metallic. *Optical Class:* n.d. Very weak bireflectance and anisotropy, rotation tints of pale metallic orange and blue. Nonpleochroic.

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>2</sub>: (470) 36.6-38.1 (21.1-23.0)<sub>oil</sub>, (546) 36.45-38.1 (20.7-22.8)<sub>oil</sub>, (589) 36.6-38.3 (20.95-22.9)<sub>oil</sub>, (650) 36.6-38.5 (21.0-23.2)<sub>oil</sub>

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* P2<sub>1</sub>/m. *a* = 9.5341(8) *b* = 4.1004(3) *c* = 10.2546(8)  $\beta$  = 100.033(2) $^\circ$  *Z* = 2

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Niederschlema-Alberoda vein, western Erzgebirge, Saxony, Germany. 3.189 (100), 3.123 (100), 2.058 (80), 2.788 (70), 2.601 (70), 2.151 (60), 2.505 (50)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
Cu	38.86	42.16
Ag	2.57	
Au	0.07	
Hg	0.09	
Pb	13.75	22.92
Bi	9.12	
Se	35.11	34.92
Total	99.57	100.00

(1) Niederschlema-Alberoda vein, western Erzgebirge, Saxony, Germany; average of 22 electron microprobe analyses; corresponds to (Cu<sub>5.50</sub>Ag<sub>0.21</sub>)<sub>Σ=5.71</sub>(Pb<sub>0.60</sub>Bi<sub>0.39</sub>)<sub>Σ=0.99</sub>Se<sub>4</sub>. (2) Cu<sub>6</sub>PbSe<sub>4</sub>.

**Occurrence:** In vein-type uranium deposit.

**Association:** Clausthalite, eucairite, löllingite, berzelianite, tiemannite, umangite, bohdanowiczite, dolomite, ankerite.

**Distribution:** From the “Tiber” dike, on the -855-m level, block 5128, near the main shaft (No. 371), Niederschlema-Alberoda vein, near Hartenstein, western Erzgebirge, Saxony, Germany.

**Name:** For the Schlema-Alberoda ore field in the ancient mining region of Saxony, Germany, where in the first samples were collected.

**Type Material:** The Natural History Museum, London, England (BM 2003,4), and the Mineralogical Institute, Technische Universität Bergakademie, Freiberg, Germany (80824).

**References:** (1) Förster, H.-J., M.A. Cooper, A.C. Roberts, C.J. Stanley, A.J. Criddle, F.C. Hawthorne, J.H.G. Laflamme, and G. Tischendorf (2003) Schlemaite, (Cu,□)<sub>6</sub>(Pb,Bi)Se<sub>4</sub>, a new mineral species from Niederschlema-Alberoda, Erzgebirge, Germany: description and crystal structure. Can. Mineral., 41, 1433-1444. (2) (2004) Amer. Mineral., 89(10), 1577 (abs. ref. 1).