Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group*: 2/m. As tablets, slightly elongated on [20 1] and flattened on $\{102\}$, resembling a lozenge-shape, to ~ 0.5 mm; crystals display $\{110\}$ and $\{102\}$. Tablets are often grouped in tightly intergrown aggregates.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on {010} and {101}. Tenacity: Brittle.

Fracture: Splintery. Hardness = 2.5 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.957 (formula for analysis 1) Slight solubility in dilute HCl.

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color*: Pale brownish pink to rose-pink. *Streak*: White to very pale pink. *Luster*: Vitreous.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). $\alpha = 1.689(2)$ $\beta = 1.700(2)$ $\gamma = 1.730(2)$ 2V(meas.) = 64.3(4)° 2V(calc.) = 63.3° Orientation: Z = b; $X \wedge a = 15$ ° in the obtuse angle β . Dispersion: Slight, r < v. Pleochroism: Imperceptible.

Cell Data: *Space Group*: C2/c. a = 12.2514(8) b = 12.4980(9) c = 6.8345(5) $\beta = 113.167(8)^{\circ}$ Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Torrecillas mine, Iquique Province, Chile. 2.718 (100), 3.262 (96), 2.787 (93), 3.120 (59), 3.566 (43), 1.5026 (43), 6.25 (42)

Chemis	trv.
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(1)	(2)
5.44	5.68
0.26	
8.84	14.78
18.45	13.01
1.47	
2.13	
59.51	63.22
[2.86]	3.30
98.96	100.00
	5.44 0.26 8.84 18.45 1.47 2.13 59.51 [2.86]

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{(1) Torrecillas mine, Iquique Province, Chile; average of 9 electron microprobe analyses, H_2O calculated on the basis of $As=3$ apfu, charge balance and $O=12$ apfu); corresponds to $(Na_{1.02}Ca_{0.03}Mn_{1.51}Mg_{1.27}Cu_{0.16}Co_{0.11})_{\Sigma=4.10}As_3O_{12}H_{1.84}$ or structurally $Na(Mn_{0.78}Mg_{0.22})_{\Sigma=1.00}(Mg_{1.04}Mn_{0.70}Cu_{0.15}Co_{0.11})_{\Sigma=2.00}[AsO_4]_2[AsO_2(OH)_2]. \\ \hline (2) $NaMnMg_2[AsO_4]_2[AsO_2(OH)_2]. \\ \hline \end{array}$

Mineral Group: Alluaudite Group.

Occurrence: From the oxidation of native arsenic and other As-bearing primary phases, followed by later alteration by saline fluids derived from evaporating meteoric water under hyperarid conditions.

Association: Anhydrite, canutite, halite, lavendulan, magnesiokoritnigite.

Distribution: From the Torrecillas mine, northern Atacama Desert, Iquique Province, Tarapacá Region, Chile.

Name: As the Mg analogue of *canutite* with Mg rather than Mn dominant in the M2 site.

Type Material: Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, California, USA (66273 and 66274).

References: (1) Kampf, A.R., B.P. Nash, D. Maurizio, and A.A. Molina Donoso (2017) Magnesiocanutite, NaMnMg₂[AsO₄]₂[AsO₂(OH)₂], a new protonated alluaudite-group mineral from the Torrecillas mine, Iquique Province, Chile. Mineral. Mag., 81(6), 1523-1531. (2) (2018) Amer. Mineral., 103, 833-834 (abs. ref. 1).