Kryachkoite (Al,Cu)<sub>6</sub>(Fe,Cu)

**Crystal Data**: Orthorhombic. *Point Group: mm2*. As subhedral crystals to 1.2  $\mu$ m.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: n.d. Fracture: n.d. Tenacity: n.d.

Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.79

Optical Properties: Opaque. Color: n.d. Streak: n.d. Luster: n.d.

Optical Class: n.d.

**Cell Data**: *Space Group*:  $Cmc2_1$ . a = 7.460 b = 6.434 c = 8.777 Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Calculated pattern.

2.051 (100), 2.130 (87), 2.001 (62), 2.243 (61), 2.061 (46), 2.164 (35), 2.007(32)

Chemistry:	(1)	
Al	61.0	
Fe	12.6	
Cu	25.5	
Si	0.17	
Cr	0.40	
Total	99.7	

(1) Khatyrka CV3 carbonaceous chondrite meteorite; average of 8 electron microprobe analyses; corresponds to  $Al_{5.45}Cu_{0.97}Fe_{0.55}Cr_{0.02}Si_{0.01}$ ; the species definition requires the presence of all three metals (Al, Cu and Fe).

**Occurrence**: In metal assemblages in a carbonaceous chondrite meteorite.

**Association**: Khatyrkite, aluminum (Al<sub>0.97</sub>Cu<sub>0.03</sub>), spinel, hercynite, forsterite, silicate glass.

**Distribution**: From the Khatyrka CV3 carbonaceous chondrite meteorite, Koryak Mountains, Far Eastern region, Russia.

**Name**: Honors Valery Kryachko who found the first samples of the Khatyrka meteorite in the Koryak Mountains in 1979 and later played a leading role in the expedition to recover more fragments in 2011.

**Type Material**: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA (in section 126A of USNM 7908).

**References**: (1) Ma, C., C. Lin, L. Bindi, and P.J. Steinhardt (2017) Hollisterite (Al<sub>3</sub>Fe), kryachkoite (Al,Cu)<sub>6</sub>(Fe,Cu), and stolperite (AlCu): Three new minerals from the Khatyrka CV3 carbonaceous chondrite. Amer. Mineral., 102, 690-693.