

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:* 6/m 2/m 2/m. As acicular to terminated prismatic crystals elongated along [0001], to 3 mm; also in sheaf-like, radiating or open-work matted aggregates forming nests to several  $\text{cm}^3$  or in “fluffy” crusts.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Tenacity:* Brittle; needles flexible and elastic.  
*Fracture:* Uneven. Hardness = 2.5-3 D(meas.) = 2.68(1) D(calc.) = 2.67 Dissolves in water.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless; white aggregates; colorless in transmitted light.  
*Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous.  
*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (–).  $\omega = 1.500(2)$   $\varepsilon = 1.492(2)$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $P6_3/mcm$ .  $a = 16.6682(2)$   $c = 6.9007(1)$   $Z = 6$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Second scoria cone, Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia.  
 3.153 (100), 3.454 (43), 3.467 (42), 2.660 (39), 3.613 (24), 4.286 (22), 3.116 (22)

| Chemistry:                            | (1)   | (2)    |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$                 | 15.48 | 13.57  |
| $\text{K}_2\text{O}$                  | 6.92  | 10.31  |
| $\text{CaO}$                          | 11.51 | 12.28  |
| $\text{MgO}$                          | 9.25  | 8.83   |
| $\text{MnO}$                          | 0.15  |        |
| $\text{FeO}$                          | 0.04  |        |
| $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$               | 0.23  |        |
| $\text{SO}_3$                         | 53.51 | 52.60  |
| F                                     | 3.22  | 4.16   |
| Cl                                    | 0.16  |        |
| $-\text{O} = (\text{F}, \text{Cl})_2$ | 1.39  | 1.75   |
| Total                                 | 99.08 | 100.00 |

(1) Second scoria cone, Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia; average of 5 electron microprobe analyses supplemented by FTIR spectroscopy; corresponds to  $\text{K}_{0.67}\text{Na}_{2.27}\text{Ca}_{0.93}\text{Mn}_{0.01}\text{Mg}_{1.04}\text{Al}_{0.02}(\text{SO}_4)_{3.04}\text{F}_{0.76}\text{Cl}_{0.02}\text{O}_{0.06}$ . (2)  $\text{KNa}_2\text{CaMg}(\text{SO}_4)_3\text{F}$ .

**Occurrence:** A sublimate around an active volcanic fumarole.

**Association:** Tenorite, thenardite, hematite, euchlorine, blödite, vergasovaite, fluorophlogopite.

**Distribution:** From Second scoria cone, Northern Breakthrough of the Great Tolbachik Fissure Eruption, Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia.

**Name:** Honors the Russian geographer, ethnographer, and naturalist Stephan Petrovich Krashennikov (1711-1755), one of the first scientists who researched and published on Kamchatka.

**Type Material:** A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia (4112/1).

**References:** (1) Pekov, I.V., M.E. Zelenski, N.V. Zubkova, D.A. Ksenofontov, Y.K. Kabalov, N.V. Chukanov, V.O. Yapaskurt, A.E. Zadov, and D.Y. Pushcharovsky (2012) Krashennikovite,  $\text{KNa}_2\text{CaMg}(\text{SO}_4)_3\text{F}$ , a new mineral from the Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia. *Amer. Mineral.*, 97, 1788-1795.