Crystal Data: Orthorhombic (probable). Point Group: 2/m 2/m 2/m. As grains, to 700 μ , filling veinlets.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: One direction, good, perhaps a parting. Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.04 Soluble in H_2O .

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. Color: Colorless to pale green when fresh, orange when oxidized, in transmitted light; greenish internal reflections, red when oxidized, in reflected light. Optical Class: Biaxial; low birefringence. Pleochroism: Slight. Orientation: Extinction \sim parallel; length-fast. n = 1.6-1.7 2V(meas.) = n.d.

Cell Data: Space Group: Pnam (probable). a = 6.31(6) b = 9.20(4) c = 7.10(7) Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Strathcona mine, Canada. 2.33 (10), 2.86 (6), 2.12 (5), 1.652 (5), 5.62 (4), 5.16 (2), 1.87 (2)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
Si	0.10		
Fe	49.02	53.9	56.36
Mn	1.49		
Mg	2.62		
Cl	17.39	18.2	17.89
ОН	[29.92]	[27.9]	25.75
Total	[100.54]	[100.0]	100.00

(1) Hibbing, Minnesota, USA; by electron microprobe, average of eight analyses from two samples, original total given as 100.56%; Fe²⁺ and (OH)¹⁻ indicated by several methods, OH by difference; corresponds to $(\text{Fe}_{1.72}\text{Mg}_{0.21}\text{Mn}_{0.06}\text{Si}_{0.01})_{\Sigma=2.00}[\text{Cl}_{0.87}(\text{OH})_{0.12}]_{\Sigma=0.99}(\text{OH})_{3.00}$. (2) Strathcona mine, Canada; by electron microprobe, OH by difference; corresponds to $\text{Fe}_{2.00}\text{Cl}_{1.06}(\text{OH})_{3.40}$. (3) Fe₂Cl(OH)₃.

Occurrence: In serpentinized troctolite and peridotite (Hibbing, Minnesota, USA); in fractures in chlorine-rich portions of a Cu–Ni orebody (Strathcona mine, Canada); in terrestrially weathered iron meteorites.

Association: Akaganéite, magnetite, maghemite, goethite, serpentine, olivine, plagioclase, biotite (Hibbing, Minnesota, USA); chalcopyrite, pentlandite (Sudbury, Canada).

Distribution: From drill cores in the Duluth complex, near Hibbing, St. Louis Co., Minnesota, USA. In the Strathcona mine, Sudbury, Ontario, Canada. From the Noril'sk region, western Siberia, Russia.

Name: For Hibbing, Minnesota, USA, from near where the mineral was first characterized.

Type Material: Department of Natural Resources, Hibbing, Minnesota, USA.

References: (1) Saini-Eidukat, B., H. Kucha, and H. Keppler (1994) Hibbingite, γ -Fe₂(OH)₃Cl, a new mineral from the Duluth Complex, Minnesota, with implications for the oxidation of Fe-bearing compounds and the transport of metals. Amer. Mineral., 79, 555–561. (2) Springer, G. (1989) Chlorine-bearing and other uncommon minerals in the Strathcona deep copper zone, Sudbury district, Ontario. Can. Mineral., 27, 311–313.