Crystal Data: Triclinic. *Point group*: $\overline{1}$. As bladed crystals, to 0.3 mm, flattened on {001} and elongated along [100], that exhibit {010}, {001}, { $\overline{1}$ 00}, { $0\overline{1}$ 0}, { $0\overline{1}$ 0}, { $\overline{1}$ 10}, { $\overline{1}$ 10}, { $\overline{1}$ 20}, and { $2\overline{1}$ 0}. *Twinning*: By reflection on {001}, probable.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage*: Perfect on {100}, good on { $2\overline{1}$ 0}. *Tenacity*: Brittle. *Fracture*: Irregular. Hardness = ~ 2 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.469-3.507 Fluoresces greenish under 405 nm laser light. Easily soluble in water.

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color*: Light green-yellow. *Streak*: White. *Luster*: Vitreous. *Optical Class*: Biaxial (+). $\alpha = 1.559(1)$ $\beta = 1.582(1)$ $\gamma = 1.608(1)$ 2V(meas.) = 88(1)° 2V(calc.) = 87.8° *Dispersion*: r < v; moderate. *Orientation*: $X \approx c$, $Y \approx a$, $Z \approx b^*$. *Pleochroism*: Weak, X = very pale yellow-green, Y = pale yellow-green, Z = light yellow-green. *Absorption*: X < Y < Z.

Cell Data: Space Group: $P\overline{1}$. a = 6.83617(17) b = 9.5127(3) c = 13.8979(10) $\alpha = 98.636(7)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 93.713(7)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 110.102(8)^{\circ}$ Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Green Lizard mine, Red Canyon, San Juan County, Utah, USA. 6.80 (100), 5.75 (62), 3.126 (60), 3.404 (56), 6.06 (36), 2.988 (34), 4.41 (32)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
$(NH_4)_2O$	2.75	2.96
Na ₂ O	2.34	3.52
SO_3	17.70	18.21
UO_3	60.45	65.07
H_2O	[9.76]	10.24
Total	93.00	100.00

(1) Green Lizard mine, Red Canyon, San Juan County, Utah, USA; average of 6 electron microprobe analyses, supplemented by Raman spectroscopy, H_2O calculated from structure, low analytical total ascribed to Na lower than expected from stoichiometry; corresponds to $(NH_4)_{0.98}Na_{1.00}U_{1.96}S_{2.04}O_{18.00}H_{10.02}$. (2) $(NH_4)Na(UO_2)_2(SO_4)_2(OH)_2 \cdot 4H_2O$.

Occurrence: A secondary mineral on the walls of mines in U-V deposits that replaced wood and other organic material in sandstones and conglomerate (roll-front type U-V deposits).

Association: Ammoniozippeite, boussingaultite, dickite, beshtauite, calcite, gypsum, fermiite, johannite, natrozippeite, oppenheimerite, plášilite, rozenite, shumwayite, sulfur, wetherillite.

Distribution: From the Green Lizard mine, Red Canyon, White Canyon mining district, San Juan County, Utah, USA.

Name: For the Green Lizard mine, the locality that provided the first specimens.

Type Material: Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, California, USA (66558 and 66559).

References: (1) Kampf, A.R., J. Plášil, B.P. Nash, and J. Marty (2018) Greenlizardite, (NH₄) Na(UO₂)₂(SO₄)₂(OH)₂·4H₂O, a new mineral with phosphuranylite-type uranyl sulfate sheets from Red Canyon, San Juan County, Utah, USA. Mineral. Mag., 82(2), 401-411. (2) (2018) Amer. Mineral., 103, 2041 (abs. ref. 1).