

Fluorlamprophyllite**(SrNa)Ti₂Na₃Ti(Si₂O₇)₂O₂F₂**

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. As bladed crystals to 3 mm.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Perfect on {100}. *Fracture:* n.d. *Tenacity:* Brittle.
Hardness = ~3 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.484

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color:* Brownish orange. *Streak:* Pale yellow.
Luster: Adamantine.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). $\alpha = 1.735(7)$ $\beta = 1.749(7)$ $\gamma = 1.775(9)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 72(3)^\circ$
 $2V(\text{calc.}) = 74^\circ$ *Pleochroism:* X = yellow-green, Y = yellow-brown, Z = brown.
Orientation: $X \perp b$, $Z \wedge c \cong 5^\circ$.

Cell Data: Space Group: C2/m. $a = 19.255(2)$ $b = 7.0715(7)$ $c = 5.3807(6)$ $\beta = 96.794(2)^\circ$ $Z = 2$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Morro do Serrote, Minas Gerais, Brazil.
2.762 (100), 4.120 (63), 3.704 (40), 2.126 (33), 2.857 (26), 2.655 (25), 2.587 (24)

Chemistry:	(1)		(1)
Na ₂ O	10.63	MnO	5.03
K ₂ O	0.47	TiO ₂	27.41
SiO ₂	30.51	Fe ₂ O ₃	2.45
SrO	18.30	F	2.86
MgO	0.81	H ₂ O	[1.00]
Al ₂ O ₃	0.23	<u>-O = F</u>	<u>1.20</u>
CaO	1.11	Total	99.61

(1) Morro do Serrote, Minas Gerais, Brazil; average of 9 electron microprobe analyses supplemented by Raman spectroscopy, H₂O = 1.00 added to bring the total close to 100%; corresponds to (Na_{2.63}Sr_{1.35}Mn_{0.54}Ca_{0.15}Mg_{0.15}K_{0.08}) $\Sigma=4.90$ (Ti_{2.63}Fe_{0.24}Al_{0.04}) $\Sigma=2.91$ Si_{3.89}O₁₆[F_{1.15}(OH)_{0.85}] $\Sigma=2.00$.

Mineral Group: Seidorzerite supergroup, lamprophyllite group.

Occurrence: Embedded in nepheline syenite in an alkaline massif.

Association: Aegirine, analcime, natrolite, nepheline, microcline.

Distribution: From Poços de Caldas alkaline massif, Morro do Serrote, Minas Gerais, Brazil.

Name: The *fluorine*-analogue of *lamprophyllite*.

Type Material: University of Arizona Mineral Museum, Tucson, Arizona, USA (19589) and the RRUFF Project (R130421).

References: (1) Andrade, M.B., H. Yang, R.T. Downs, G. Färber, R.R. Contreira Filho, S.H. Evans, C.W. Loehn, and B.N. Schumer (2018) Fluorlamprophyllite, Na₃(SrNa)Ti₃(Si₂O₇)₂O₂F₂, a new mineral from Poços de Caldas alkaline massif, Morro do Serrote, Minas Gerais, Brazil. *Mineral. Mag.*, 82(1), 121-131. (2) (2019) *Amer. Mineral.*, 104(9), 1362 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Sokolova, E., and F. Cámara (2017) The seidozerite supergroup of TS-block minerals: nomenclature and classification, with change of the following names: rinkite to rinkite-(Ce), mosandrite to mosandrite-(Ce), hainite to hainite-(Y) and innelite-1T to innelite-1A. *Mineral. Mag.*, 81(6), 1457-1484.