(c)2001 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1.2

Crystal Data: Triclinic. Point Group: 1. Crystalline, massive. Twinning: Simple twins on {100}.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: $\{100\}$, perfect; $\{110\}$, $\{1\overline{1}0\}$, good. Hardness = 6 D(meas.) = 3.09 D(calc.) = [3.09]

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. *Color:* Colorless, pink to brown. *Optical Class:* Biaxial. *Orientation:* $X' \wedge c = 44^{\circ}$ in section perpendicular to the zone of cleavages. $\alpha = 1.640$ $\beta = \text{n.d.}$ $\gamma = 1.653$ $2\text{V}(\text{meas.}) = 60(3)^{\circ}$

Cell Data: Space Group: $A\overline{1}$. a = 7.862 b = 7.253 c = 13.967 $\alpha = 89^{\circ}44'$ $\beta = 95^{\circ}28'$ $\gamma = 103^{\circ}29'$ Z = 6

X-ray Powder Pattern: Kagata or Ofuku mine, Japan. (ICDD 29-336). 3.270 (100), 3.049 (80), 2.278 (65), 3.470 (60), 3.84 (55), 2.696 (30), 7.67 (25)

Cher	nist	rv
CHEL	\mathbf{n}	JI Y 1

	(1)	(2)	(3)
SiO_2	50.00	53.30	49.8
${ m TiO}_2$	trace		
${\rm Al_2O_3}$			0.0
$\mathrm{Fe_2O_3}$	0.00		
FeO	9.29	10.44	9.0
MnO	1.22	1.58	1.6
MgO	0.00	0.06	0.1
CaO	38.86	34.63	38.9
$\mathrm{H_2O}$	0.00		
insol.	0.45		
Total	99.82	100.01	99.4

(1) Isle of Skye, Scotland; corresponding to $(Ca_{1.65}Fe_{0.31}Mn_{0.04})_{\Sigma=2.00}Si_2O_6$. (2) Do.; by electron microprobe, corresponding to $(Ca_{1.58}Fe_{0.38}Mn_{0.04})_{\Sigma=2.00}Si_2O_6$. (3) Ofuku mine, Japan; by electron microprobe, corresponds to $(Ca_{1.64}Fe_{0.30}Mn_{0.06})_{\Sigma=2.00}Si_2O_6$.

Occurrence: Surrounding chert nodules in a skarn in dolostone (Isle of Skye, Scotland).

Association: Hedenbergite, grossular-andradite (Isle of Skye, Scotland).

Distribution: At Camas Malag, Isle of Skye, Scotland. From Scawt Hill, near Larne, Co. Antrim, Ireland. In the Kagata, Ofuku, and Ohta mines, Yamaguchi Prefecture; in the Kasugayama and Tsuchiarashi deposits, near Iida, Nagano Prefecture; on Kurodaké Peak, near Toyama, Yoyama Prefecture; in the Tsumo mine, Shimane Prefecture; in the Horado mine, Gifu Prefecture; and at a number of other localities in Japan. From the Wessels mine, near Kuruman, Cape Province, South Africa.

Name: For FERROan iron in its composition and its relation to bustamite.

Type Material: n.d.

References: (1) Deer, W.A., R.A. Howie, and J. Zussman (1978) Rock-forming minerals, (2nd edition), v. 2A, single-chain silicates, 575–585. (2) Tilley, C.E. (1948) On iron-wollastonites in contact-skarns: an example from Skye. Amer. Mineral., 33, 736–738. (3) Rapoport, P.A. and C.W. Burnham (1973) Ferrobustamite: the crystal structures of two Ca,Fe bustamite-type pyroxenoids. Zeits. Krist., 138, 419–438. (4) Shimazaki, H. and T. Yamanaka (1973) Iron-wollastonite from skarns and its stability relation in the CaSiO₃ – CaFeSi₂O₆ join. Geochem. J., 7, 67–79. (5) Yamanaka, T., R. Sadanaga, and Y. Takéuchi (1977) Structural variation in the ferrobustamite solid solution. Amer. Mineral., 62, 1216–1224. (6) Shimazaki, H. and M. Bunno (1978) Subsolidus skarn equilibria in the system CaSiO₃ – CaMgSi₂O₆ – CaFeSi₂O₆ – CaMnSi₂O₆. Can. Mineral., 16, 539–545.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of Mineral Data Publishing.