

**Crystal Data:** Triclinic, pseudomonoclinic by twinning. *Point Group:* 1 or  $\bar{1}$ . As anhedral to prismatic grains, to 0.1 mm; some grains exhibit hopper and skeletal habits.

**Twinning:** Twinned by two-fold rotation about the pseudomonoclinic [010] axis.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* Good on {010} and {001}. *Fracture:* Irregular. *Tenacity:* Brittle. Hardness = ~ 5 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.959

**Optical Properties:** Nearly opaque. *Color:* Dark red-brown to dark brown. *Streak:* Gray. *Luster:* Submetallic.

*Optical Class:* Biaxial.  $\alpha = 1.82(1)$   $\beta = 1.84(1)$   $\gamma = 1.86(1)$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 90^\circ$

**Pleochroism:** In ultrathinned sections, very strong;  $X$  = red-orange brown;  $Y$  = yellowish brown;  $Z$  = greenish brown. *Absorption:* Extreme.

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $P\bar{1}$  or  $P\bar{1}$ .  $a = 10.505(3)$   $b = 10.897(3)$   $c = 9.019(1)$   $\alpha = 106.26(2)^\circ$   $\beta = 95.16(2)^\circ$   $\gamma = 124.75(2)^\circ$   $Z = 2$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Durham ranch, Wyoming, USA.  
2.971 (100), 2.558 (80), 2.515 (80), 2.125 (60), 1.511 (30), 1.482 (30), 8.1 (20)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
$\text{SiO}_2$	11.16	14.37	MnO	0.19
$\text{TiO}_2$	0.56		$\text{MgO}$	5.57 9.64
$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$	24.85	24.39	$\text{CaO}$	13.63 13.41
$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	41.65	38.19	$\text{Na}_2\text{O}$	0.02
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$	0.05		$\text{K}_2\text{O}$	0.02
FeO	2.77		Total	100.47 100.00

(1) Durham ranch, Wyoming, USA; by electron microprobe,  $\text{Fe}^{2+}:\text{Fe}^{3+}$  calculated from stoichiometry; corresponding to  $(\text{Ca}_{1.99}\text{Na}_{0.01})_{\Sigma=2.00}(\text{Mg}_{1.19}\text{Fe}^{2+}_{0.33}\text{Fe}^{3+}_{0.29}\text{Ca}_{0.10}\text{Ti}_{0.06}\text{Mn}_{0.02}\text{Cr}_{0.01})_{\Sigma=2.00}\text{Fe}^{3+}_{4.00}\text{Al}_{4.00}(\text{Si}_{1.60}\text{Al}_{0.20}\text{Fe}^{3+}_{0.20})_{\Sigma=2.00}\text{O}_{20}$ . (2)  $\text{Ca}_2\text{Mg}_2\text{Fe}_4\text{Al}_4\text{Si}_2\text{O}_{20}$ .

**Polymorphism & Series:** Forms a series with khesinite.

**Mineral Group:** Sapphirine supergroup, rhönite group.

**Occurrence:** A product of oxidizing, high-temperature, low-pressure metamorphism of alkalic rocks, in a pyrometamorphic zone in sediments.

**Association:** Esseneite, titanian andradite, magnetite-magnesioferrite-spinel, plagioclase, gehlenite-åkermanite, wollastonite, ulvöspinel, nepheline, apatite, ferroan sahamalite.

**Distribution:** From the Durham ranch, Powder River basin, 13 km northeast of Reno Junction and 25 km south of Gillette, Campbell Co., Wyoming, USA.

**Name:** To honor Dr. John A. Dorr, Jr., Professor of Geology, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, USA, in recognition of his regional geologic research in Wyoming.

**Type Material:** University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA (163357).

**References:** (1) Cosca, M.A., R.R. Rouse, and E.J. Essene (1988) Dorrite [ $\text{Ca}_2(\text{Mg}_2\text{Fe}^{3+}_4)(\text{Al}_4\text{Si}_2)\text{O}_{20}$ ]; a new member of the aenigmatite group from a pyrometamorphic melt-rock. Amer. Mineral., 73, 1440-1448. (2) Galuskina, I.O., E.V. Galuskin, A.S. Pakhomova, R. Widmer, T. Armbruster, B. Krüger, E.S. Grew, Y. Vapnik, P. Dzierażanowski, and M. Murashko (2017) Khesinite,  $\text{Ca}_4\text{Mg}_2\text{Fe}^{3+}\text{O}_4[(\text{Fe}^{3+}\text{Si}_2)\text{O}_{36}]$ , a new rhönite-group (sapphirine supergroup) mineral from the Negev Desert, Israel - natural analogue of the SFCA phase. Eur. J. Mineral., 29(1), 101-116. (3) (2017) Amer. Mineral., 102, 1964 (abs. ref. 2).