c)2001-2005 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

Crystal Data: Cubic. Point Group: $4/m \ \overline{3} \ 2/m$ (by analogy to AuCu₃). In radial crystal aggregates, to 1 mm; massive.

Physical Properties: Hardness = n.d. VHN = 235-270 (Cu-rich), 290-354 (Fe-rich) (20 g load). D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = n.d.

Optical Properties: Opaque. *Color:* Rose-brown to bronze-brown; quickly tarnishes in air to bluish black; unusual color effects in polished section, from purple-raspberry or grayish lilac to gold and yellow. *Luster:* Semimetallic.

 $\begin{array}{l} R_1-R_2\colon (400) \ ----, \ (420)\ 11.8-15.8, \ (440)\ 10.5-15.2, \ (460)\ 9.2-14.8, \ (480)\ 8.0-14.8, \ (500)\ 6.9-16.9, \\ (520)\ 6.2-22.5, \ (540)\ 5.6-29.5, \ (560)\ 6.1-34.5, \ (580)\ 8.4-37.6, \ (600)\ 13.5-39.2, \ (620)\ 21.0-40.0, \\ (640)\ 29.5-39.8, \ (660)\ 36.2-39.0, \ (680)\ 41.2-37.7, \ (700)\ 44.9-35.7 \end{array}$

Cell Data: Space Group: Pm3m. a = 4.0876(15) Z = 1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Russia or Kazakhstan.

2.36 (100), 1.230 (80), 2.045 (60), 1.447 (60), 1.180 (30), 1.092 (25), 0.992 (15)

Chemistry:

	(1)
Au	61.8
Ag	3.39
Cu	11.2
Fe	1.18
Pb	13.1
Te	10.2
Total	100.87

(1) Kazakhstan; by electron microprobe, corresponding to $(Au_{1.83}Te_{0.47}Pb_{0.37}Ag_{0.18})_{\Sigma=2.85}$ $(Cu_{1.03}Fe_{0.12})_{\Sigma=1.15}$. Cu and Fe vary reciprocally from Cu:Fe = 0.91:0.09 to 0.22:0.78.

Occurrence: In the oxidation zone of Au–Te deposits.

Association: Gold, bilibinskite, bezsmertnovite, belyakinite, tellurides of Fe, Cu, Pb (Aginsk deposit, Russia).

Distribution: From the Aginsk gold telluride deposit, Kamchatka, Far Eastern Region, Russia [TL]. At the Southern Dzhelambet deposit, central Kazakhstan [TL]. From Bisbee, Cochise Co., Arizona, USA.

Name: For Soviet geologist Aleksei Alekseevich Bogdanov (1907–1971), Moscow University, Moscow, Russia.

Type Material: Mining Institute, St. Petersburg, 1115/1; A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia, 79408.

References: (1) Spiridonov, E.M. and T.N. Chvileva (1979) Bogdanovite, $Au_5(Cu, Fe)_3$ (Te, Pb)₂, a new mineral of the group of intermetallic compounds of gold. Vestnik Moskva Univ., Ser. Geol., 1, 44–52 (in Russian). (2) (1979) Amer. Mineral., 64, 1329 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Bayliss, P. (1990) Revised unit-cell dimensions, space group, and chemical formula of some metallic minerals. Can. Mineral., 28, 751–755. (4) Criddle, A.J. and C.J. Stanley, Eds. (1993) Quantitative data file for ore minerals, 3rd ed. Chapman & Hall, London, 53.