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Crystal Data: Triclinic. Point Group:  $\overline{1}$ . Crystals, to 2 cm, elongated along [001], with dominant  $\{100\}$  and  $\{010\}$ , and square cross section; also flattened [100] and striated on  $\{001\}$ ; more than 60 forms recorded; typically in radiating or matted aggregates of needles; columnar or bladed.

**Physical Properties:** Cleavage: Perfect on  $\{010\}$  and  $\{100\}$ . Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = 2.5 D(meas.) = 2.189–2.286 D(calc.) = 2.14 Decomposes in  $H_2O$ , leaving an insoluble residue.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Amaranth-red to brownish red and red-orange. *Streak:* Lemon-yellow. *Luster:* Vitreous.

Optical Class: Biaxial (–). Pleochroism: X = colorless; Y = pale yellow; Z = reddish brown. Orientation: X (82°,72°); Y (178°,68°); Z (–44°,29°) [with c (0°,0°) and  $b^*$  (0°,90°) using  $(\phi,\rho)$ ]. Dispersion: r < v, horizontal.  $\alpha = 1.516$   $\beta = 1.598$   $\gamma = 1.621$  2V(meas.) = 30°–36°

Cell Data: Space Group:  $P\overline{1}$ . a = 8.976(1) b = 11.678(2) c = 6.698(2)  $\alpha = 95.65(2)^{\circ}$   $\beta = 90.36(1)^{\circ}$   $\gamma = 97.20(2)^{\circ}$  Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Sierra Gorda [district], Chile. 11.25 (FFF), 8.69 (FFF), 3.57 (FF), 3.05 (FF), 3.11 (F), 5.16 (mF), 4.98 (mF)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$SO_3$	36.18	35.91
$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	35.92	35.81
$\rm H_2O$	28.13	28.28
Total	100.23	100.00

(1) Paposa, Chile. (2)  $\operatorname{Fe_2O(SO_4)_2} \bullet 7H_2O$ .

**Occurrence:** A secondary mineral formed especially in arid climates.

**Association:** Hohmannite, fibroferrite, chalcanthite, copiapite, coquimbite, sideronatrite.

**Distribution:** In Chile, in Antofagasta, from the Union mine, Reventon district, near Paposo, at the Compania mine, east of Sierra Gorda; from Quetena, west of Calama, Alcaparrosa, near Cerritos Bayos, southwest of Calama, and at Chuquicamata; at Tierra Amarilla, southeast of Copiapó, Atacama. In the USA, in the Santa Maria Mountains, Riverside Co., California. At Saghand, Yazd, Iran.

Name: From the Greek for amaranth, an imaginary purplish red undying flower, for its color.

Type Material: BAF, 44700.

 $\label{eq:References: References: (1) Palache, C., H. Berman, and C. Frondel (1951) Dana's system of mineralogy, (7th edition), v. II, 611–613. (2) Cesbron, F. (1964) Contribution à la minéralogie des sulfates de fer hydratés. Bull. Soc. fr. Minéral., 87, 125–143 (in French). (3) Süsse, P. (1968) The crystal structure of amarantite, Fe<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O •7H<sub>2</sub>O. Zeits. Krist., 127, 261–275.$