

**Agardite-(Nd)****NdCu<sub>6</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(OH)<sub>6</sub>·3H<sub>2</sub>O**

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:* 6/m. As acicular crystals, elongated along [001], with hexagonal cross sections, to 0.5 mm, in divergent sprays to 2 mm. Typically as rims on zálesíte.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Fracture:* Uneven. *Tenacity:* Brittle. Hardness = < 3  
D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.81

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless to light bluish green (turquoise-colored).

*Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous; silky (aggregates).

*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (+).  $\omega = 1.709(3)$ - $1.712(3)$   $\epsilon = 1.775(5)$ - $1.780(5)$  *Absorption:*  $E > O$ .

*Pleochroism:* Strong;  $O$  = pale turquoise,  $E$  = bright green-blue.

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* P6<sub>3</sub>/m.  $a = 13.548(8)$   $c = 5.894(6)$   $Z = 2$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Hilarion Mine, Lavrion, Greece.

11.70 (100), 2.453 (30), 4.443 (22), 3.545 (18), 2.935 (18), 2.695 (13), 2.559 (10)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
CuO	42.63	43.45
ZnO	3.52	
CaO	2.15	
Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.27	
La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2.16	
Ce <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.38	
Pr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.79	
Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	3.05	15.32
Sm <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.32	
Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.40	
Dy <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.02	
As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	33.65	31.39
H <sub>2</sub> O	[9.37]	9.84
Total	[100.00]	100.00

(1) Hilarion Mine, Lavrion, Greece; average of 6 electron microprobe analyses, H<sub>2</sub>O by difference; corresponds to [(Nd<sub>0.19</sub>La<sub>0.14</sub>Y<sub>0.12</sub>Pr<sub>0.05</sub>Gd<sub>0.02</sub>Ce<sub>0.02</sub>Sm<sub>0.02</sub>Dy<sub>0.02</sub>)<sub>Σ=0.58</sub>Ca<sub>0.39</sub>]<sub>Σ=0.97</sub>(Cu<sub>5.49</sub>Zn<sub>0.44</sub>)<sub>Σ=5.93</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>5.38</sub>·2.64H<sub>2</sub>O. (2) NdCu<sub>6</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(OH)<sub>6</sub>·3H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Mineral Group:** Mixite group.

**Occurrence:** In the oxidation zone of polymetallic sulfide deposits.

**Association:** Zálesíte, zincolivenite, azurite, malachite, calcite, goethite.

**Distribution:** From the Hilarion Mine, Agios Konstantinos (Kamariza), Lavrion, Attikí Prefecture, Greece.

**Name:** By analogy to agardite-(Y), with its rare-earth content dominated by neodymium.

**Type Material:** The A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia (4020/1).

**References:** (1) Pekov, I.V., N.V. Chukanov, A.E. Zadov, P. Voudouris, A. Magganas, and A. Katerinopoulos (2011) Agardite-(Nd), NdCu<sub>6</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(OH)<sub>6</sub>·3H<sub>2</sub>O, from the Hilarion Mine, Lavrion, Greece: mineral description and chemical relations with other members of the agardite-zálesíte solid-solution system. Journal of Geosciences, 57, 249-255. (2) (2012) Amer. Mineral., 97, 2064 (abs. ref. 1).