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Crystal Data: Triclinic, pseudo-orthorhombic if twinned. *Point Group:* $\overline{1}$. Crystals are acicular to fibrous, to 2.5 cm, elongated along [001], flattened on $\{001\}$, showing $\{010\}$ and $\{001\}$; in spherical radiating groups, which rarely are reticulated. *Twinning:* By reflection on $\{001\}$, common.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on $\{001\}$; good on $\{100\}$, $\{010\}$. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = 3 D(meas.) = 2.27(2) D(calc.) = 2.27

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Colorless, white, may be pale pink or pale purple. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous to pearly.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Orientation: $Y = b; Z \land a = 14^{\circ}$. $\alpha = 1.480(4)$ $\beta = 1.498(2)$ $\gamma = 1.571(4)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 53(3)^{\circ}$ $2V(\text{calc.}) = 55^{\circ}$

Cell Data: Space Group: $P\overline{1}$. a = 6.2592(4) b = 13.0838(7) c = 13.2271(5) $\alpha = 91.130(1)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 103.554(1)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 90.188(1)^{\circ}$ Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Mont Saint-Hilaire, Canada. 12.81 (100), 6.45 (70), 4.456 (60), 4.291 (60), 2.571 (60), 2.050 (50), 2.869 (30)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)		(1)	(2)
CO_2	25.10	25.89	$\mathrm{Ho_2O_3}$	0.90	
Y_2O_3	22.88	33.21	$\mathrm{Er_2O_3}$	2.83	
$\mathrm{Ce_2O_3}$	0.37		$\mathrm{Tm_2O_3}$	0.27	
Nd_2O_3	1.41		Yb_2O_3	1.04	
$\mathrm{Sm}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	1.02		CaO	0.05	
$\mathrm{Gd}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	1.92		${ m Na_2O}$	8.64	9.11
${ m Tb_2O_3}$	0.56		$\mathrm{H_2O}$	29.90	31.79
$\mathrm{Dy}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	3.28		Total	100.17	100.00

(1) Mont Saint-Hilaire, Canada; by electron microprobe, seven analyses on three crystals, CO₂ and H₂O by TGA, confirmed by IR and crystal-structure analysis; corresponds to Na_{1.00}(Y_{0.72} Dy_{0.06}Er_{0.05}Gd_{0.04}Nd_{0.03}Yb_{0.02}Sm_{0.02}Ho_{0.02}Ce_{0.01}Tb_{0.01}Tm_{0.01})_{Σ =0.99}(CO₃)_{2.04}•5.94H₂O. (2) NaY(CO₃)₂•6H₂O.

Occurrence: A rare late-stage, low-temperature hydrothermal mineral in an alkalic pegmatite dike associated with an intrusive alkalic gabbro-syenite complex.

Association: Thomasclarkite-(Y), horváthite-(Y), donnayite-(Y), petersenite-(Ce), rhodochrosite.

Distribution: From Mont Saint-Hilaire, Quebec, Canada.

Name: To honor Professor Frank Dawson Adams (1859–1942), McGill University, Montreal, Canada, geologist and petrologist, who studied the Monteregian Hills, of which Mont Saint-Hilaire is one.

Type Material: Canadian Museum of Nature, Ottawa, Canada, 82939, 82940.

References: (1) Grice, J.D., R.A. Gault, A.C. Roberts, and M.A. Cooper (2000) Adamsite-(Y), a new sodium-yttrium carbonate mineral species from Mont Saint-Hilaire, Quebec. Can. Mineral., 38, 1457–1466. (2) (2001) Amer. Mineral., 86, 1112 (abs. ref. 1).