**Crystal Data**: Monoclinic. *Point Group*: 2/m. *Twinning*: By 180° rotation on [11 0] with {111 } composition plane (indicated by single-crystal X-ray diffraction). As bladed crystals flattened on {001} to ~0.2 mm in irregular aggregates to ~0.5 mm.

**Physical Properties**: *Cleavage*: Perfect on {001}. *Tenacity*: Brittle. *Fracture*: Irregular. Hardness =  $\sim 2$  D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 2.463 Non-fluorescent. Easily soluble in room-temperature H<sub>2</sub>O and dehydrates readily even at moderate relative humidity.

**Optical Properties**: Transparent to translucent. *Color*: Pale green-yellow. *Streak*: White. *Luster*: Vitreous.

*Optical Class*: Biaxial.  $\alpha' = 1.513$   $\gamma' = 1.522$  (by analogy to leydetite) n(calc.) = 1.512

**Cell Data**: Space Group: C2/c. a = 11.3513(3) b = 7.7310(2) c = 21.7957(15)  $\beta = 102.387(7)^{\circ}$ Z = 4

**X-Ray Diffraction Pattern**: Markey mine, Red Canyon, San Juan County, Utah, USA. 10.66 (100), 6.31 (78), 5.06 (61), 3.390 (59), 3.193 (50), 5.32 (49), 5.85 (38)

Chemistry:		(1)	(2)
	MgO	3.24	5.89
	MnO	0.06	
	FeO	2.69	
	ZnO	1.33	
	$SO_3$	23.32	23.39
	UO <sub>3</sub>	40.69	41.78
	$H_2O$	[28.80]	28.95
	Total	100.13	100.00

(1) Markey mine, Red Canyon, San Juan County, Utah, USA; average electron microprobe analysis supplemented by Raman spectroscopy,  $H_2O$  calculated; corresponds to  $(Mg_{0.56}Fe_{0.26}Zn_{0.11}Mn_{0.01})_{\Sigma=0.94}(U_{0.99}O_2)(S_{1.015}O_4)_2 \cdot 11H_2O$ . (2)  $Mg(UO_2)(SO_4)_2 \cdot 11H_2O$ .

**Occurrence**: A secondary phase on asphaltum found in efflorescent crusts on the surfaces of mine walls.

Association: Straßmannite, arsenuranospathite, gypsum, metakahlerite, nováčekite-II, uramarsite.

Distribution: In the Markey mine, Red Canyon, San Juan County, Utah, USA.

Name: Identifies the magnesium-analogue of *leydetite*.

**Type Material**: Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, California, USA (66647, 66648, 66649, and 66650).

**References**: (1) Kampf, A.R., J. Plášil, A.V. Kasatkin, B.P. Nash, and J. Marty (2019) Magnesioleydetite and straβmannite, two new uranyl sulfate minerals with sheet structures from Red Canyon, Utah. Mineral. Mag., 83, 349-360.