

**Keplerite** **$\text{Ca}_9(\text{Ca}_{0.5}\square_{0.5})\text{Mg}(\text{PO}_4)_7$** 

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:* 3/m. As ovoidal to cloud-shaped grains to 50  $\mu\text{m}$  (meteorites) or to  $\sim 0.2$  mm (paralava).

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Tenacity:* n.d. *Fracture:* n.d. *Hardness* = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.122

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless. *Streak:* n.d. *Luster:* Vitreous. *Optical Class:* Uniaxial (-).  $\omega = 1.622(1)$   $\epsilon = 1.619(1)$  Nonpleochroic.

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* R3c.  $a = 10.3330(4)$   $c = 37.0668(24)$   $Z = 6$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Calculated pattern.

2.8544 (100), 2.5833 (64), 3.1772 (46), 1.7123 (28), 5.1665 (25), 3.4245 (24), 1.9153 (22)

| <b>Chemistry:</b>                 | (1)    | (2)   |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|
| CaO                               | 48.87  | 48.39 |
| MgO                               | 3.90   | 3.73  |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O                 |        | 0.86  |
| FeO                               | 1.33   |       |
| <u>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub></u> | 46.24  | 45.85 |
| Total                             | 100.34 | 98.83 |

(1) Marjalahti pallasite meteorite; average electron microprobe analysis; corresponding to  $\text{Ca}_{9.00}(\text{Ca}_{0.33}\text{Fe}^{2+}_{0.20}\square_{0.47})_{\Sigma=1.00}\text{Mg}_{1.04}\text{P}_{6.97}\text{O}_{28}$ . (2) Hatrurim Basin, northern Negev Desert, Israel; average electron microprobe analysis; corresponding to  $\text{Ca}_{9.00}(\text{Ca}_{0.35}\text{Na}_{0.30})_{\Sigma=0.65}\text{Mg}_{1.00}(\text{PO}_4)_7$ .

**Polymorphism & Series:** The isomorphous series merrillite-keplerite represents the main reservoir of phosphate phosphorus in the solar system.

**Mineral Group:** Whitlockite group.

**Occurrence:** In some pallasite and angrite meteorites. In brecciated, altered pyroxene paralava (fused sediments) by pyrometamorphism (Israel). An indicator of high-temperature environments characterized by extreme depletion of sodium.

**Association:** Troilite-orthopyroxene vermicular intergrowths, olivine, Fe-Ni metal (meteorites); fluorapatite, maghemite, stanfieldite (Israel).

**Distribution:** From a hill, near Arad, Hatrurim Basin, northern Negev Desert, Israel. Studied material from the Marjalahti pallasite meteorite [TL].

**Name:** Honors Johannes Kepler (1571-1630), a prominent German naturalist, for his contributions to astronomy and crystallography.

**Type Material:** Mining Museum, St. Petersburg Mining University, St. Petersburg, Russia (MM74/2-1).

**References:** (1) Britvin, S.N., I.O. Galuskina, N.S. Vlasenko, O.S. Vereshchagin, V.N. Bocharov, M.G. Krzhizhanovskaya, V.V. Shilovskikh, E.V. Galuskin, Y. Vapnik, and E.V. Obolonskaya (2021) Keplerite,  $\text{Ca}_9(\text{Ca}_{0.5}\square_{0.5})\text{Mg}(\text{PO}_4)_7$ , a new meteoritic and terrestrial phosphate isomorphous with merrillite,  $\text{Ca}_9\text{NaMg}(\text{PO}_4)_7$ . Amer. Mineral., 106, 1917-1927.