

Calcioandryobertsite**KCaCu₅(AsO₄)₄[As(OH)₂O₂]₂·2H₂O**

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. Crystals have {100} dominant, with {210}, {10 $\bar{2}$ }, {001}, and {011}. As a crystallographically continuous, lamellar intergrowth with andryobertsite as plates, to 10 mm, that radiate from the center of an aggregate 1.4 cm long and 1 cm at the base.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Good on (100). *Fracture:* Conchoidal. *Tenacity:* Brittle. Hardness = 3 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 4.011

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color:* Electric blue; greenish blue in transmitted light. *Streak:* Pale blue. *Luster:* Vitreous. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (-). $\alpha = 1.713(3)$ $\beta = 1.743(1)$ $\gamma = 1.749(1)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 50(5)^\circ$ $2V(\text{calc.}) = 48^\circ$ *Orientation:* $X \wedge a = 12^\circ$ (in β obtuse), $Y = b$, $Z = c$. Nonpleochroic. *Dispersion:* Moderate, $r < v$, asymmetric.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* $P2_1/m$. $a = 9.8102(9)$ $b = 10.0424(6)$ $c = 9.9788(7)$ $\beta = 101.686(7)^\circ$ $Z = 2$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Tsumeb mine, Namibia. 9.64 (100), 3.145 (50), 4.46 (40), 3.048 (40), 2.698 (40), 7.00 (30), 4.81 (30)

Chemistry	(1)
K ₂ O	4.05
CaO	3.52
MnO	0.86
CdO	1.26
ZnO	0.04
CuO	32.86
As ₂ O ₅	49.56
<u>H₂O</u>	<u>[4.61]</u>
Total	96.75

(1) Tsumeb mine, Namibia; electron microprobe analysis supplemented by IR spectroscopy, H₂O calculated from structure analysis; corresponds to $K_{1.01}(Ca_{0.74}Cd_{0.12}Mn_{0.11})_{\Sigma=1.00}(Cu_{4.85}Zn_{0.01})_{\Sigma=4.86}(AsO_4)_{4.06}[As(OH)_2O_2](H_2O)_2$.

Occurrence: On a single specimen from a weathered polymetallic mineral deposit.

Association: Cuprian adamite, zincian olivenite, andryobertsite, tennantite.

Distribution: From the Tsumeb mine, Namibia.

Name: The prefix, *calcio*, designates the calcium analog of *andryobertsite*.

Type Material: Royal Ontario Museum, Toronto, Canada (M47022 and M47110) and the Natural Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA (171487).

References: (1) Cooper, M.A., F.C. Hawthorne, W.W. Pinch, and J.D. Grice (1999) Andryobertsite and calcioandryobertsite: two new minerals from the Tsumeb mine, Tsumeb, Namibia. *Mineral. Record*, 30(3), 181-186. (2) (2000) *Amer. Mineral.*, 85, 1321 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Cooper, M.A. and F.C. Hawthorne (2000) Highly undersaturated anions in the crystal structure of andryobertsite – calcio-andryobertsite, a doubly acid arsenate of the form $K(Cd,Ca)[Cu^{2+}_5(AsO_4)_4\{As(OH)_2O_2\}](H_2O)_2$. *Can. Mineral.*, 38(4), 817-830.