

Ammoniolasalite

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* $2/m$. As short prismatic (elongated along $[10\bar{1}]$) to equant crystals, often with stepped or skeletal faces and in parallel orientation.

Observed crystal forms are $\{001\}$, $\{110\}$, $\{10\bar{1}\}$, $\{111\}$, $\{11\bar{1}\}$, $\{201\}$, and $\{31\bar{1}\}$.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* None. *Fracture:* Conchoidal. *Tenacity:* Brittle. Hardness = ~ 1
 $D(\text{meas.}) = 2.82(2)$ $D(\text{calc.}) = 2.278$ Slowly soluble in water and rapidly in dilute HCl.

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color:* Bright orange to orange-yellow. *Streak:* Light orange.
Luster: Vitreous.

Optical Class: Biaxial (-). $\alpha = 1.740(3)$ $\beta = 1.769(3)$ $\gamma = 1.771(3)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 31(1)^\circ$
 $2V(\text{calc.}) = 29.1^\circ$ *Orientation:* $Y = b$, $Z \wedge a = 38^\circ$ in β obtuse. *Dispersion:* Very strong, $r > v$.
Pleochroism: $X = \text{yellow}$, $Y = \text{yellow orange}$, $Z = \text{orange}$. *Absorption:* $X < Y < Z$.

Cell Data: Space Group: $C2/c$. $a = 24.471(9)$ $b = 10.935(9)$ $c = 17.456(9)$ $\beta = 119.051(14)^\circ$
 $Z = 4$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Burro mine, Slick Rock district, San Miguel County, Colorado, USA.
 9.43(100), 6.80(32), 7.62(26), 10.64(24), 2.725(23), 8.57(21), 2.891(13)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
K ₂ O	0.81	
MgO	5.56	5.75
V ₂ O ₅	64.88	64.85
(NH ₄) ₂ O	[3.26]	3.71
H ₂ O	[25.70]	25.69
Total	100.01	100.00

(1) Burro mine, Slick Rock district, San Miguel County, Colorado, USA; normalized average of 4 electron microprobe analyses supplemented by CHN analysis and FTIR spectroscopy, (NH₄)₂O and H₂O calculated from structure; corresponds to $[(\text{NH}_4)_{1.76}\text{K}_{0.24}]_{\Sigma=2.00}\text{Mg}_{1.94}[\text{V}^{5+}_{10}\text{O}_{28}] \cdot 20\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

(2) $[(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Mg}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{20}][\text{V}_{10}\text{O}_{28}]$.

Occurrence: Product of postmining oxidation of primary montroseite-corvusite assemblages at ambient temperatures. The ammonium derived from organic matter. In a bedded or roll-front U and V deposit in sandstone containing carbonaceous plant material.

Association: Ammoniozippeite, schindlerite, wernerbaurite.

Distribution: From the Burro mine, Slick Rock district, San Miguel County, Colorado, USA.

Name: *Ammonio* for the composition as the NH₄-dominant (over Na) analogue of *lasalite*.

Type Material: Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, California, USA (67477, 67478, 67479, 67480, and 67481).

References: (1) Kampf, A.R., B.P. Nash, P.M. Adams, J. Marthy, and J.M. Hughes (2018) Ammoniolasalite, $[(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{Mg}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{20}][\text{V}_{10}\text{O}_{28}]$, a new decavanadate species from the Burro Mine, Slick Rock District, Colorado. *Can. Mineral.*, 56(6), 859-869. (2) (2020) *Amer. Mineral.*, 105(10), 1598-1599 (abs. ref. 1).